



MCB FUNDS
Investments for Life

HALF YEARLY REPORT

DECEMBER
2023
(UNAUDITED)

Funds Under Management of
MCB Investment Management Limited



ALHAMRA KPK GOVT. EMPLOYEES PENSION FUND

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FUND'S INFORMATION

Management Company	MCB Investment Management Limited Adamjee House, 2nd Floor, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.	
Board of Directors	Mr. Haroun Rashid Mr. Shoaib Mumtaz Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Mr. Manzar Mushtaq Mr. Fahd Kamal Chinoy Syed Savail Meekal Hussain Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	Chairman Director Chief Executive Officer Director Director Director Director Director
Audit Committee	Syed Savail Meekal Hussain Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Mr. Manzar Mushtaq	Chairman Member Member
Human Resource & Remuneration Committee	Mr. Fahd Kamal Chinoy Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Mr. Shoaib Mumtaz Ms. Mavra Adil Khan Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah	Chairman Member Member Member Member
Credit Committee	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Mr. Manzar Mushtaq Syed Savail Meekal Hussain Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah	Member Member Member Member
Chief Executive Officer	Mr. Khawaja Khalil Shah	
Chief Operating Officer & Chief Financial Officer	Mr. Muhammad Asif Mehdi Rizvi	
Company Secretary	Mr. Altaf Ahmad Faisal	
Trustee	Central Depository Company of Pakistan Ltd. CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B'S.M.C.H.S Main Shahra-e-Faisal Karachi Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500 Fax: (92-21) 34326053 Web: www.cdcPakistan.com	
Bankers	The Bank of Khyber	
Auditors	BDO Ibrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants 2nd Floor, Block-C, Lakson Square, Building No.1 Sarwar Shaheed Road, Karachi	
Legal Advisor	Bawaney & Partners 3rd & 4th Floor, 68 C, Lane 13, Bukhari Commercial Area Phase VI, D.H.A., Karachi	
Rating	AM1 Asset Manager Rating assigned by PACRA	
Transfer Agent	MCB Investment Management Limited Adamjee House, 2nd Floor, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.	

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Dear Investor,

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present **MCB Alhamra KPK Government Employees Pension Fund- Money Market Sub Fund** (*Fund launched on December 13, 2023*) accounts review for the half-year ended December 31, 2023.

Economy and Money Market Review

The first half of the fiscal year concluded with Pakistan's macros in a considerably better shape compared to the start of the fiscal year. The government secured a much-needed Stand-by Arrangement (SBA) facility of USD 3 billion from the IMF in June 23, of which USD 1.2bn was promptly disbursed. This was followed by additional inflows and timely rollovers from friendly countries, which led to an upgrade in Pakistan's sovereign rating by Fitch from CCC- to CCC due to the improved external outlook.

The new caretaker government, after facing speculative pressure on currency, took decisive steps against smuggling of dollar and abuse of Afghan Transit in September 2023, which spurred a rapid recovery in the exchange rate and reduction of the difference between open market and interbank rates. This led to improvement in remittances and export proceeds and helping the rupee to appreciate to PKR 281.9 against the USD by December end compared to a low of PKR 307.

Country posted a current account deficit (CAD) of USD 0.8 billion in the first half of the fiscal year 2024 (1HFY24) declining by 77% YoY compared to a deficit of USD 3.6 billion in the corresponding period last year. Narrowing trade deficit was the major contributor towards improving CAD as 7.5% increase in exports coupled with a 14.7% drop in imports led to a 35.2% contraction in the trade deficit. The country's external position improved with SBP's foreign exchange reserves increasing to USD 8.2 billion as of December 2023 compared to USD 4.4 billion at the end of last fiscal year. This was on account of flows from the IMF, friendly countries and multilateral sources.

Headline inflation represented by CPI averaged 28.8% during first half of the fiscal year compared to 25% in the corresponding period last year. Inflation remained on the higher side as massive currency depreciation in the prior periods led to surge in food and energy prices. The government also hiked electricity base tariff and gas prices to comply with the IMF conditions, which led to further inflationary pressures. The SBP maintained status quo in the monetary policy held on December 12, 2023. The Committee assessed that the real interest rate continues to be positive on a 12-month forward-looking basis and inflation is expected to remain on a downward path.

The country's revised GDP growth recorded at -0.17% in FY23 with Agricultural and Services sector increasing by 2.3% and 0.1%, respectively, while industrial sector witnessed a drop of 3.8%. Historic high interest rates coupled with import restrictions were the major culprits behind the fall in industrial output. GDP grew by 2.13% in the first quarter of the financial year 2023-24 as compared to 0.96% in the same period last year. Agriculture, Industry and Services sectors grew by 5.1%, 2.5% and 0.8% respectively. On the fiscal side, FBR tax collection increased by 30.3% in 1HFY24 to

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

PKR 4,468 billion compared to PKR 3,428 billion in the same period last year, outpacing the target by PKR 43 billion.

Fund Performance

The money market sub-fund generated an annualized return of 20.60% during the period under review. The sub-fund's exposure in cash stood at 99%.

The Net Assets of the Fund as at December 31, 2023 stood at Rs. 51.15 million. The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at December 31, 2023 was Rs. 101.0721.

Economy & Market – Future Outlook

Pakistan GDP is expected to rebound to 3.4% in FY24 after a dismal performance last year. The industrial and services sector are expected to show growth as import restriction has been removed, which will help to normalize trade activities. Agriculture growth is likely to remain on the higher side due to base effect as the heavy floods last year affected agriculture output. The arrivals of crops have been encouraging with cotton arrival increasing to 8.2 million bales in 1H FY24 compared to 4.9 million bales in FY23.

Successful resumption of the IMF program is a key positive as it will allow us to tap funding from bilateral and multilateral sources. We expect SBP reserves to increase to USD 10.1 billion on the back of flows from friendly countries, IMF and multilateral agencies. However, our external position still remains precarious as we are unlikely to issue international Eurobond or Sukuk owing to the challenging global conditions. The proceeds from FDI and RDA are also likely to remain muted owing to the current economic challenges. Thus, we would have to ensure a sustainable current account this year to stave off external concerns. We expect a CAD of USD 3.1 billion (0.9% of GDP) in FY24 as policy of consolidation is likely to continue under the IMF umbrella.

The rupee has recovered from its recent low due to the administrative measures by the government to curb dollar smuggling and hoarding. The remittances and export proceeds have also recovered, which will help in stabilizing the currency. In addition, the flows from bilateral and multilateral sources and reserve building will be vital for external outlook. We expect USD/PKR to close the fiscal year around PKR 306 at an ending REER of 95.

We expect average FY24 inflation to ease to 24.8% compared to 29.0% in FY23 as the base effect will come into play. Inflation readings have peaked and inflation is expected to follow a downward trajectory with headline number falling sharply to 19.0% by June 2024. This coupled with the buildup of forex reserves during the period will allow the monetary easing cycle to start in the second half of the year. We expect a cumulative easing of around 4.0% till June 2024, however, its pace and timing would be determined by trend in FX reserves.

Risks to recovery also continue to remain high as the cushion in Forex reserves continues to remain low and remain dependent of continued need for rollovers on bilateral loans and support from multilateral institutions. Country desperately needs political stability for focus on steering economy through focus on long term policies. Post elections, winning the support of IMF in the form of another program would be one of biggest challenge for

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

incumbent government requiring tough measures to address long term vulnerabilities. Conflict in Middle East, tensions on Palestinian and potential threat of a wider conflict continue to remain high.

From the capital market perspective particularly equities, the market is trading at cheap valuations. Market cap to GDP ratio has declined to 9.5%, a discount of 51% from its historical average of 19.3%. Similarly, Earning Yield minus Risk Free Rate is close to 8.7%, compared to the historical average of 3.0% signifying a deep discount at which the market is trading. The resolution of challenges on external account will help to unlock market potential. We believe a micro view of sectors and stocks will remain important and investment selection should focus on companies, which trade at a deep discount to their intrinsic value. The market is currently trading at PER of 4.2x, while offering a dividend yield of 10.6%.

For debt holders, we expect Money Market Funds to continue to seamlessly mirror policy rates throughout the year. Investors with a mid to long term view can benefit from Bond and Income Funds where higher duration will create opportunities for capital gains in the wake of Interest rate outlook. We would continue to monitor the data points and capitalize on opportunities to add government bonds in Income Funds at attractive rates to benefit from the expected monetary easing in the near term.

Mutual Fund Industry Review

The Net Assets of the open-end mutual funds industry increased by about 34.1% during 1HFY24 to PKR 2,097bn. Total money market funds grew by about 15.8% since June 2023. Within the money market sphere, conventional funds showed a growth of 16.6% to PKR 551 billion while Islamic funds increased by 15.0% to PKR 493 billion. In addition, the total fixed Income funds increased by about 80.7% since Jun 2023 to PKR 667 billion while Equity and related funds increased by 33.0% to PKR 223 billion.

In terms of the segment share, Money Market funds were the leader with a share of around 49.8%, followed by Income funds with 31.8% and Equity and Equity related funds having a share of 10.6% as at the end of December 2023.

Mutual Fund Industry Outlook

Both Bonds and Equities are likely to do well in the next year on the back of cut in interest rates. During the year, significant interest of investors is already visible in Income Funds while equity fund are likely to see inflows post elections and new IMF agreement. High interest rates during the period would encourage sustained flows in the money market funds as they are ideal for investors with a short-term horizon and low risk profile. Our operations remained seamless and given our competitive edge in digital access and online customer experience, we are prepared to get benefits of the growing number of investors available online.

**REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY
FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

Acknowledgement

The Board is thankful to the Fund's valued investors, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Trustees of the Fund for their continued cooperation and support. The Directors also appreciate the efforts put in by the management team.

On behalf of Directors,



Khawaja Khalil Shah
Chief Executive Officer
February 02, 2024

میوہل فنڈ صنعت کا نقطہ نظر

بانڈز اور ایکویٹیز، دونوں کا اگلے سال اچھی کارکردگی کا مظاہرہ کرنے کا امکان ہے کیونکہ سود کی شرحوں میں کمی ہوئی ہے۔ دوران سال انکم فنڈز میں سرمایہ کاروں کی قابل ذکر دلچسپی دیکھی گئی، جبکہ ایکویٹی فنڈز میں انتخابات اور نئے آئی ایم ایف معاہدے کے بعد آمدات متوقع ہیں۔ دوران مدت سود کی بلند شرحوں کی بدولت منی مارکیٹ فنڈز میں پائیدار آمد و رفت کی حوصلہ افزائی ہوگی کیونکہ یہ مختصر المیعاد سرمایہ کاروں کے لیے موزوں ترین ہیں جو خطرے کی کم سطح پر رہنا چاہتے ہیں۔ ہمارے آپریشنز بلا رکاوٹ جاری رہے، اور ڈیجیٹل رسائی اور آن لائن سہولیات میں بھرپور سرمایہ کاری کے نتیجے میں ہمیں جو سہولت حاصل ہے اس کی بدولت ہم آن لائن دستیاب سرمایہ کاروں کی بڑھتی ہوئی تعداد سے استفادہ کرنے کے لیے تیار ہیں۔

اظہار تشکر

بورڈ فنڈ کے قابل قدر سرمایہ کاروں، سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان اور فنڈ کے ٹرسٹیز کا اُن کی مسلسل معاونت اور حمایت کے لیے شکر گزار ہے۔ علاوہ ازیں، ڈائریکٹرز انتظامی ٹیم کی کاوشوں کو بھی خراج تحسین پیش کرتے ہیں۔

منجانب ڈائریکٹرز



خواجہ خلیل شاہ

چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر

02 فروری 2024ء

کیپٹل مارکیٹ، خصوصاً ایکویٹیز، کے نقطہ نظر سے مارکیٹ میں سستی valuations پر کاروبار ہو رہا ہے۔ مارکیٹ cap کا جی ڈی پی کے ساتھ تناسب کم ہو کر 9.5 فیصد ہو گیا ہے جو اس کے قدیم اوسط 19.3 فیصد سے 51 فیصد کی ہے۔ اسی طرح Earning Yield مائنس محفوظ شرح 8.7 فیصد کے قریب ہے، جس کا 3.0 فیصد کے تاریخی اوسط سے موازنہ کرنے پر پتہ چلتا ہے کہ مارکیٹ میں بھرپور رعایت پر تجارت ہو رہی ہے۔ خارجی اکاؤنٹ کے مسائل حل کرنے سے مارکیٹ کی استعداد کار آمد بنانے میں مدد ملے گی۔ ہم سمجھتے ہیں کہ اسٹاک اور شعبہ جات کا مجموعی تناظر اہم رہے گا اور سرمایہ کاری کے انتخاب کے لیے ان کمپنیز پر توجہ مرکوز کی جانی چاہیے جو اپنی اندرونی قدر میں بھرپور کمی پر تجارت کرتی ہیں۔ موجودہ طور پر مارکیٹ میں 4.2x کے PER پر تجارت ہو رہی ہے جبکہ ڈیویڈنڈ آمدنی 10.6 فیصد ہے۔

حاملین قرض کے لیے ہم توقع کرتے ہیں کہ منی مارکیٹ فنڈ سال بھر بلا رکاوٹ پالیسی شرحوں کی عکاسی جاری رکھیں گے۔ وسط سے طویل مدتی نقطہ نظر کے حامل سرمایہ کار بانڈ اور انکم فنڈ سے فائدہ اٹھا سکتے ہیں جہاں زیادہ مدت سود کی شرح کے نقطہ نظر کے تناظر میں سرمایہ حاصل کرنے کے مواقع موجود ہیں۔ ہم ڈیٹا پوائنٹس کی نگرانی اور پُرکشش شرحوں پر انکم فنڈز میں حکومتی بانڈز شامل کرنے کے مواقع سے استفادہ جاری رکھیں گے تاکہ درمیانی مدت میں متوقع مالیاتی تسہیل سے فائدہ اٹھایا جاسکے۔

میوچل فنڈ صنعت کا جائزہ

اوپن اینڈ میوچل فنڈ صنعت کے net اثاثہ جات مالی سال 2024ء کی پہلی ششماہی کے دوران تقریباً 34.1 فیصد بڑھ کر 2,097 بلین روپے ہو گئے۔ منی مارکیٹ کے مجموعی فنڈز میں جون 2023ء سے اب تک تقریباً 15.8 فیصد اضافہ ہوا۔ منی مارکیٹ کے دائرہ کار میں روایتی فنڈز 16.6 فیصد بڑھ کر 551 بلین روپے ہو گئے، جبکہ اسلامک فنڈز 15.0 فیصد بڑھ کر 493 بلین روپے ہو گئے۔ مزید برآں، فیکسڈ انکم کے مجموعی فنڈز جون 2023ء سے اب تک تقریباً 80.7 فیصد بڑھ کر 667 بلین روپے ہو گئے، جبکہ ایکویٹی اور متعلقہ فنڈز 33.0 فیصد بڑھ کر 223 بلین روپے ہو گئے۔ شعبہ جاتی شراکت کے اعتبار سے دسمبر 2023ء کے اختتام پر منی مارکیٹ فنڈز تقریباً 49.8 فیصد کے ساتھ سب سے آگے تھے، جبکہ انکم فنڈ 31.8 فیصد کے ساتھ دوسرے نمبر پر، اور ایکویٹی اور متعلقہ فنڈ 10.6 فیصد کے ساتھ تیسرے نمبر پر تھے۔

طور پر بڑھ کر 10.1 بلین ڈالر ہو جائیں گے۔ تاہم ہماری خارجی صورتحال تا حال بے یقینی کا شکار ہے کیونکہ مشکل عالمی حالات کے باعث ہم متوقع طور پر بین الاقوامی یورو بانڈ اور سٹاک جاری نہیں کر سکیں گے۔ غیر ملکی براہ راست سرمایہ کاری (ایف ڈی آئی) اور آر ڈی اے سے ہونے والی آمدنی بھی موجودہ معاشی مسائل کے باعث ممکنہ طور پر تعطل کا شکار رہیں گی۔ چنانچہ ہمیں سال رواں میں ایک قابل بقاء کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ یقینی بنانا ہوگا تاکہ خارجی مسائل کا خطرہ ٹل سکے۔ مالی سال 2024ء میں کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ (سی اے ڈی) متوقع طور پر 3.1 بلین ڈالر (جی ڈی پی کا 0.9 فیصد) ہوگا کیونکہ حصول استحکام کی پالیسی ممکنہ طور پر ایم ایف کی چھتری تلے جاری رہے گی۔

ڈالر کی غیر قانونی درآمد اور ذخیرہ اندوزی کی روک تھام کے حکومتی اقدامات کی بدولت روپے کی قدر اپنی حالیہ پستی سے بحال ہوئی ہے۔ ترسیلات زر اور برآمداتی آمدنیاں بھی بحال ہوئی ہیں جس کی بدولت روپے کی قدر کو پائیدار بنانے میں مدد ملے گی۔ مزید برآں، خارجی منظر نامے کے لیے باہمی اور کثیرالجہتی ذرائع سے آمدات اور ذخائر میں اضافہ اہمیت کے حامل ہیں۔ ڈالر روپیہ مالی سال کے اختتام پر تقریباً 306 ہوگا اور اختتامی 95 REER ہوگی۔

مالی سال 2024ء کی اوسط مہنگائی متوقع طور پر مالی سال 2023ء کی سطح 29.0 فیصد سے کم ہو کر 24.8 فیصد ہو جائے گی کیونکہ base کا اثر اپنا کردار ادا کرے گا۔ مہنگائی کی سطحیں عروج پر پہنچ گئی ہیں اور اس میں بتدریج کمی متوقع ہے کیونکہ ہیڈ لائن عدد ماہ جون 2024ء تک تیزی سے گر کر 19.0 فیصد ہو جائے گا۔ اس کے ساتھ ساتھ دوران مدت زیر مبادلہ کے ذخائر میں اضافے کی بدولت سال کے نصف آخر میں مالیاتی تسہیل کی گردش شروع ہو سکتی ہے۔ ماہ جون 2024ء تک مجموعی طور پر تقریباً 4.0 فیصد مجموعی کمی متوقع ہے، تاہم اس کی رفتار اور اس کے وقت کا انحصار زیر مبادلہ کے ذخائر کے رجحان پر ہوگا۔

وصولی کو لاحق خطرات بھی بدستور بلند ہیں کیونکہ غیر ملکی زیر مبادلہ (فاریکس) کے ذخائر میں موجود cushion بدستور کم اور دو جہتی قرضوں اور کثیرالجہتی اداروں سے معاونت پر منحصر ہے۔ ملک میں سیاسی استحکام کی اشد ضرورت ہے تاکہ طویل المیعاد پالیسیوں پر توجہ مرکوز کر کے معیشت کو ترقی کی راہ پر گامزن کیا جاسکے۔ انتخابات کے بعد آئی ایم ایف سے ایک اور پروگرام کی صورت میں معاونت کا حصول برسر اقتدار حکومت کے لیے سب سے بڑا چیلنج ہوگا کیونکہ طویل المیعاد خطرات پر توجہ دینے کے لیے سخت اقدامات کی ضرورت ہوگی۔ مشرق وسطیٰ میں تنازعہ، فلسطین میں جنگ، اور وسیع تر اقتصاد کا خطرہ بدستور بلند ہے۔

نظر ثانی شدہ مجموعی ملکی پیداوار (جی ڈی پی) کی ترقی مالی سال 2024ء میں 0.17- فیصد ریکارڈ ہوئی۔ اس ضمن میں زراعت اور خدمات کے شعبوں میں پالترتیب 2.3 فیصد اور 0.1 فیصد ترقی ہوئی جبکہ صنعت کے شعبے میں 3.8 فیصد گراؤٹ ہوئی۔ سود کی اب تک کی بلند ترین شرحوں کے ساتھ ساتھ درآمداتی پابندیاں صنعتی پیداوار میں کمی کے سب سے بڑے عوامل تھے۔ مالی سال 2023-24ء کی پہلی سہ ماہی میں جی ڈی پی میں 2.13 فیصد اضافہ ہوا، بالمقابل گزشتہ سال مماثل مدت میں 0.96 فیصد کے۔ زراعت، صنعت اور خدمات کے شعبوں میں پالترتیب 5.1 فیصد، 2.5 فیصد اور 0.8 فیصد ترقی ہوئی۔ مالیاتی جہت میں دیکھا جائے تو ایف بی آر ٹیکس وصولی مالی سال 2024ء کی پہلی ششماہی میں 30.3 فیصد بڑھ کر 4,468 بلین روپے ہو گئی، بالمقابل گزشتہ سال مماثل مدت میں 3,428 بلین روپے کے، چنانچہ ہدف سے 43 بلین روپے زیادہ ٹیکس وصولی ہوئی۔

فنڈ کی کارکردگی

زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران Money مارکیٹ ذیلی فنڈ کا ایک سال پر محیط منافع 20.60 فیصد تھا۔
ذیلی فنڈ کی نقد میں سرمایہ کاری 99 فیصد کی سطح پر تھی۔

31 دسمبر 2023ء کو ذیلی فنڈ کے net اثاثہ جات 51.15 ملین روپے تھے، جبکہ net اثاثہ جاتی قدر (این اے وی) فی یونٹ 101.0721 روپے تھی۔

معیشت اور مارکیٹ - مستقبل کا منظر نامہ

پاکستان کی مجموعی ملکی پیداوار (جی ڈی پی) میں گزشتہ سال مایوس کن کارکردگی کے بعد مالی سال 2024ء میں 3.4 فیصد بہتری متوقع ہے۔ صنعت اور خدمات کے شعبے میں ترقی متوقع ہے کیونکہ درآمدات پر عائد پابندی ختم کر دی گئی ہے جس کی بدولت کاروباری سرگرمیاں بحال ہوں گی۔ زراعت کے شعبے کی ترقی متوقع طور پر base کے اثر کی بدولت بلند سطح پر ہوگی کیونکہ گزشتہ سال سیلابوں کے باعث بڑے پیمانے پر زرعی پیداوار متاثر ہوئی تھی۔ فصلوں کی پیداوار حوصلہ افزا رہی، مثلاً کپاس کی فصل مالی سال 2024ء کی پہلی ششماہی میں بڑھ کر 8.2 ملین گانٹھیں ہو گئی، بالمقابل مالی سال 2023ء میں 4.9 ملین گانٹھوں کے۔

آئی ایم ایف پروگرام کی کامیاب بحالی اہم ترین پیش رفت ہے کیونکہ اس سے پاکستان کو باہمی اور کثیرالجہتی ذرائع سے رقم کے حصول میں مدد ملے گی۔ دوست ممالک، آئی ایم ایف اور کثیرالجہتی ایجنسیوں سے آمدات کی بنیاد پر اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کے ذخائر متوقع

عزیز سرمایہ کار

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی جانب سے ایم سی بی الحمراء کے پی کے گورنمنٹ ایمپلائیز پینشن فنڈ - Money مارکیٹ ذیلی فنڈ (آغاز کردہ 13 دسمبر 2023ء) کے اکاؤنٹس برائے ششماہی مضمتمہ 31 دسمبر 2023ء کا جائزہ پیش خدمت ہے۔

معیشت اور بازار کا جائزہ

مالی سال کی پہلی ششماہی کے اختتام پر پاکستان کے مجموعی معاشی عوامل کی صورتحال آغاز سال کے مقابلے میں کافی بہتر تھی۔ حکومت نے جون 2023ء میں آئی ایم ایف سے 3 بلین ڈالر کا اسٹینڈ بائے اریجمنٹ (ایس بی اے) حاصل کر لیا جس میں سے 1.2 بلین ڈالر فوری طور پر جاری کر دیئے گئے۔ اس پیش رفت کے بعد دوست ممالک سے اضافی آمدات اور بروقت rollovers عمل میں آئے جس کے نتیجے میں خارجی سطح پر بہتر امکانات کی بدولت Fitch کی جاری کردہ پاکستان کی خود مختار درجہ بندی -CCC سے CCC کر دی گئی۔

نئی نگران حکومت نے روپے پر قیاس آرائی کے دباؤ کا سامنا کرنے کے بعد ستمبر 2023ء میں ڈالر کی اسٹیلنگ اور افغان ٹرانزٹ کے غلط استعمال کے خلاف فیصلہ کن اقدام اٹھائے جن کی بدولت زیر مبادلہ کی شرح میں تیزی سے بہتری آئی اور اوپن مارکیٹ اور انٹر بینک شرح کے فرق میں کمی ہوئی۔ اس کے نتیجے میں ترسیلات زر اور برآمدات سے ہونے والی آمدنی میں بہتری آئی اور دسمبر کے اختتام پر روپے کی قدر ڈالر کے مقابلے میں 307 سے کم ہو کر 281.9 ہو گئی۔

مالی سال 2024ء کی پہلی ششماہی میں ملک کا کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ کا خسارہ (سے اے ڈی) 0.8 بلین ڈالر تھا، جو گزشتہ سال کی مماثل مدت میں 3.6 بلین ڈالر کے مقابلے میں 77 فیصد سال در سال (YoY) کمی ہے۔ سی اے ڈی میں کمی میں اہم ترین کردار تجارتی خسارے میں کمی کا تھا کیونکہ برآمدات میں 7.5 فیصد اضافے اور درآمدات میں 14.7 فیصد کمی کے نتیجے میں تجارتی خسارہ 35.2 فیصد سکڑ گیا۔ ایس بی پی کے زیر مبادلہ کے ذخائر گزشتہ مالی سال کے اختتام پر 4.4 بلین ڈالر سے بڑھ کر دسمبر 2023ء تک 8.2 بلین ڈالر ہو گئے، جس کے نتیجے میں ملک کی خارجی صورتحال بہتر ہو گئی۔ یہ آئی ایم ایف، دوست ممالک اور کثیر الجہتی ذرائع سے آمدات کی بدولت ممکن ہوا۔

ہیڈ لائن مہنگائی، جس کی ترجمانی صارفی قیمت کے انڈیکس (سی پی آئی) سے ہوتی ہے، کا اوسط مالی سال 2024ء کی پہلی ششماہی کے دوران 28.8 فیصد تھا، جبکہ گزشتہ سال مماثل مدت میں 25 فیصد تھا۔ مہنگائی بلند سطح پر رہی کیونکہ گزشتہ مدتوں میں روپے کی قدر میں خطیر کمی کے نتیجے میں اشیائے خورد و نوش اور توانائی کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ ہوا۔ حکومت نے آئی ایم ایف کی شرائط پوری کرنے کے لیے بجلی کی بنیادی قیمت اور گیس کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ کیا جس کے نتیجے میں مہنگائی کا دباؤ مزید بڑھا۔ ایس بی پی نے 12 دسمبر 2023ء کو منعقدہ مانیٹری پالیسی میں جمود کو بنیادی طور پر برقرار رکھا۔ کمیٹی نے اندازہ لگایا کہ سود کی حقیقی شرح اگلے 12 ماہ کے امکانات کی بنیاد پر مثبت رہے گی اور مہنگائی میں کمی کا رجحان برقرار رہے گا۔

TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY
OF PAKISTAN LIMITED

Head Office:

CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B'
S.M.C.H.S., Main Shakra-e-Faisal
Karachi - 74400, Pakistan.
Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500
Fax: (92-21) 34326021 - 23
URL: www.cdcPakistan.com
Email: info@cdcpak.com



TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE PARTICIPANTS

ALHAMRA KPK GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES PENSION FUND

Report of the Trustee pursuant to Regulation 67D in conjunction with Regulation 41(h) of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

We, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, being the Trustee of Alhamra KPK Government Employees Pension Fund (the Fund) are of the opinion that MCB Investment Management Limited being the Pension Fund Manager has in all material respects managed the Fund during the period from December 13, 2023 to December 31, 2023 in accordance with the provisions of the constitutive documents of the Fund, the Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005 and the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

Further, in our opinion, the management fee, fee payable to Commission and other expenses paid from the Fund during the period are in accordance with the applicable regulatory framework.

Badiuddin Akber
Chief Executive Officer
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited

Karachi, February 27, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS



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Pakistan

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE PARTICIPANTS' OF MCB ALHAMRA KPK GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES PENSION FUND

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim statement of assets and liabilities of MCB Alhamra KPK Government Employees Pension Fund ("the Fund") as at December 31, 2023 and the related condensed interim income statement, the condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, the condensed interim statement of movement in participants' sub funds and condensed interim cash flow statement together with the notes forming part thereof (here-in-after referred to as "interim financial statements") for the period from December 13, 2023 to December 31, 2023. The Management Company (MCB Investment Management Limited) is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed interim financial statements in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A review of condensed interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting.

The engagement partner on the review resulting in this independent auditor's report is Tariq Feroz Khan.

KARACHI

DATED: 22 FEB 2024

UDIN: RR202310166dDvaj7bMu


BDO EBRAHIM & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

BDO Ebrahim & Co. Chartered Accountants

BDO Ebrahim & Co., a Pakistan registered partnership firm, is a member of BDO International Limited, a UK company limited by guarantee, and forms part of the international BDO network of independent member firms.

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023

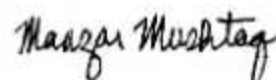
December 31, 2023 (Un-audited)						
	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Equity Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money market Sub-Fund	Total	
Note	(Rupees)					
ASSETS						
Balances with banks	4	511,400	511,100	511,200	50,644,589	52,178,289
Markup receivable		2,659	2,657	2,658	546,791	554,764
Other receivable		12,800	12,700	12,600	-	38,100
Total assets		526,859	526,457	526,458	51,191,380	52,771,153
LIABILITIES						
Payable to the Pension Fund Manager	5	24,241	23,841	23,841	34,512	106,435
Payable to Trustee	6	44	44	44	4,285	4,418
Annual fee payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	7	10	10	10	1,016	1,047
Total liabilities		24,295	23,895	23,895	39,814	111,899
NET ASSETS		502,563	502,562	502,563	51,151,566	52,659,254
REPRESENTED BY:						
PARTICIPANTS' SUB FUNDS						
(as per statement attached)		502,563	502,562	502,563	51,151,566	52,659,254
Contingencies and commitments						
	10	(Number of units)				
Number of units in issue	12	5,000	5,000	5,000	506,090	
(Rupees)						
Net assets value per unit		100.5126	100.5124	100.5125	101.0721	

The annexed notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)



Chief Executive Officer



Director

CONDENSED INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT (UNAUDITED) FOR THE HALF YEAR AND QUARTER ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 13, 2023 TO DECEMBER 31, 2023

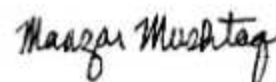
	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Equity Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund	Total
Note	(Rupees)				
INCOME					
Markup on bank accounts and other deposits	2,659	2,657	2,658	546,791	554,764
Total income	2,659	2,657	2,658	546,791	554,764
EXPENSES					
Remuneration of Pension Fund Manager	36	36	36	19,126	19,234
Sindh sales tax on remuneration of Pension Fund Manager	5	5	5	2,486	2,500
Remuneration of Trustee	42	42	42	3,794	3,919
Sales tax on remuneration of Trustee	2	2	2	491	498
Annual fee - Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)	10	10	10	1,016	1,047
Total expenses	95	95	95	26,914	27,199
Net income before taxation	2,563	2,562	2,563	519,877	527,565
Taxation	12	-	-	-	-
Net income for the period	2,563	2,562	2,563	519,877	527,565
Earnings per unit	13				

The annexed notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)



Chief Executive Officer



Director

**CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UN-AUDITED)
FOR THE HALF YEAR AND QUARTER ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 13, 2023 TO DECEMBER 31, 2023

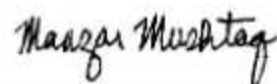
	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Equity Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund	Total
	(Rupees)				
Net income for the period	2,563	2,562	2,563	519,877	527,565
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	2,563	2,562	2,563	519,877	527,565

The annexed notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)



Chief Executive Officer



Director

**CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN PARTICIPANTS' SUB-FUNDS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 13, 2023 TO DECEMBER 31, 2023

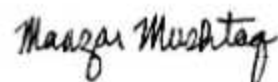
	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Equity Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund	Total
	(Rupees)				
Net assets at the beginning of period	-	-	-	-	-
Amount received on issue of units	500,000	500,000	500,000	50,631,689	52,131,689
Amount paid on redemption of units	-	-	-	-	-
	500,000	500,000	500,000	50,631,689	52,131,689
 Net income for the period	 2,563	 2,562	 2,563	 519,877	 527,565
Net assets at the end of period	502,563	502,562	502,563	51,151,566	52,659,254

The annexed notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)



Chief Executive Officer



Director

CONDENSED INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT (UNAUDITED) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 13, 2023 TO DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Equity Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund	Total
Note ----- (Rupees) -----					
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net income for the period	2,563	2,562	2,563	519,877	527,565
Adjustments for non cash and other items:	-	-	-	-	-
(Increase) in assets					
Profit receivable	(2,659)	(2,657)	(2,658)	(546,791)	(554,764)
Advances, deposits and other receivables	(12,800)	(12,700)	(12,600)	-	(38,100)
	(15,459)	(15,357)	(15,258)	(546,791)	(592,864)
Increase in liabilities					
Payable to the Pension Fund Manager	24,241	23,841	23,841	34,512	106,435
Payable to Trustee	44	44	44	4,285	4,418
Annual fee - Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)	10	10	10	1,016	1,047
	24,295	23,895	23,895	39,814	111,899
Net cash flows from operating activities	11,400	11,100	11,200	12,900	46,600
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Receipt from issuance of units	500,000	500,000	500,000	50,631,689	52,131,689
Payments on redemption of units	-	-	-	-	-
Net cash flows from financing activities	500,000	500,000	500,000	50,631,689	52,131,689
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	511,400	511,100	511,200	50,644,589	52,178,289
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	-	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	511,400	511,100	511,200	50,644,589	52,178,289

The annexed notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)


Chief Executive Officer


Director

1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 MCB Alhamra KPK Govt. Employees' Pension Fund is established under a Trust deed executed between MCB Investment Management Limited as a Pension Fund Manager and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as Trustee. The Trust Deed is approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) on June 21, 2023 under the Voluntary Pension System (VPS) Rules, 2005. Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited was appointed as a trustee for the fund by SECP on June 05, 2023. The Fund is registered under the Sindh Trust Act, 2020, as amended vide Sindh Trusts (Amendment) Act, 2021 and was launched on December 13, 2023.
- 1.2 The Fund is an open-end pension fund consisting of four sub-funds namely; Equity Index Sub Fund, Equity Sub Fund, Debt Sub Fund and Money Market Sub Fund. Units are offered on a continuous basis to employees of KPK Government appointed/ recruited under Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Civil Servants (Amendment) Act 2022 or an employee of KPK Government regularize as Civil Servant through any legal instrument issued after coming in to force of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Civil Servants (Amendment) Act 2022. Under the KPK Rules, the contribution by or on behalf of the employee for the first three years from the date of launch of the fund shall be invested in Money Market Sub Fund only. Moreover, in the remaining three sub funds (Equity Index Sub Fund, Equity Sub Fund and Debt Sub Fund) only seed capital be injected by the Pension Fund Manager which would remain invested till three years from the launch date of the Fund. Following the initial three years of appointment/ recruitment under Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Civil Servants (Amendment) Act 2022, KPK employees are eligible to change their allocation as per the life cycle allocation scheme. In cases where an employee fails to specify their asset allocation preferences, the pension fund manager, taking into consideration the employee's profile and age, will allocate the contribution to the default Asset Allocation Scheme outlined in the offering document.
- 1.3 MCB Investment Management Limited has been licensed to act as a Pension Fund Manager under the VPS Rules through a certificate of registration issued by the SECP. The registered office of the Pension Fund Manager is located at 2nd Floor, Adamjee House, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi, Pakistan.
- 1.4 Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (PACRA) Limited has assigned Management quality rating of 'AM1' dated October 06, 2023 to the Management Company.
- 1.5 Title to the assets of the Fund is held in the name of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as Trustee of the Fund.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

This condensed interim financial information of the Fund has been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- The requirements of the Constitutive Documents, Voluntary Pension System Rules, 2005 (VPS Rules), The Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (NBFC Regulations) and the directives issued by the SECP.

Wherever the requirements of the Constitutive Documents, the VPS Rules, NBFC Regulations or the directives issued by the SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of the Trust Deed, the VPS Rules (2005) or the requirements of the said directives prevail.

2.1.1 These condensed interim financial statements are unaudited. However, a limited scope review has been performed by the statutory auditors.

2.1.2 This condensed interim financial statements are presented in Pakistani rupee ("Rupees" or "Rs."), which is the functional and presentation currency of the Fund.

2.2 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are effective in the current period

There are certain amendments to the accounting and reporting standards that are mandatory for the Fund in the current period. However, these are considered either not to be relevant or do not have any significant impact on the Fund's operations and, therefore, have not been detailed in these condensed interim financial statements.

2.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective

There are certain new amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are mandatory for the Fund's annual accounting period beginning on or after July 1, 2024. However, these will not have any significant impact on the Fund's operations and, therefore, have not been detailed in these condensed interim financial statements.

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

3.2 Financial assets

3.2.1 Classification and subsequent measurement

3.2.1.1 Debt instruments

IFRS 9 has provided a criteria for debt securities whereby these debt securities are either classified as:

- amortised cost
- at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) based on the business model of the entity

However, IFRS 9 also provides an option whereby securities managed as a portfolio or group of assets and whose performance is measured on a fair value basis, to be recognized at FVPL. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. Therefore the Pension Fund Manager considers its investment in debt securities as being managed as a group of assets and will be classified as FVPL.

3.2.1.2 Equity instruments

Equity instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective and are instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidence a residual interest in the issuer's net assets.

All equity investments are required to be measured in the "Statement of Assets and Liabilities" at fair value, with gains and losses recognised in the "Income Statement", except where an irrevocable election has been made at the time of initial recognition to measure the investment at FVOCI. The Pension Fund Manager considers its investment in equity securities being managed as a group of assets and will be classified as FVPL. Accordingly, the irrevocable option has not been considered.

The dividend income for equity securities classified under FVPL is recognised in the Income Statement.

3.2.2 Impairment

The Fund assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses (ECL) associated with its financial assets (other than debt instruments as per Circular 33 of 2012) carried at amortised cost and FVOCI. The Fund recognises a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflects :

- an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- the time value of money; and
- reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecast of future economic conditions.

The 12 months ECL is recorded for all financial assets in which there is no significant increase in credit risk from the date of initial recognition, whereas a lifetime ECL is recorded for all remaining financial assets

3.2.2.1 Impairment loss on debt securities

Provision for non-performing debt securities is made on the basis of time-based criteria as prescribed by the SECP and based on management's assessment made in line with its provisioning policy approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company in accordance with the guidelines issued by the SECP. Impairment losses recognised on debt securities can be reversed through the Income Statement.

As allowed by the SECP, the Pension Fund Manager may make provision against debt securities over and above the minimum provision requirement prescribed by the SECP, in accordance with the provisioning policy duly approved by the Board of Directors.

3.2.4 Regular way contracts

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date i.e. the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases / sales of assets require delivery of securities within two days from the transaction date as per the stock exchange regulations.

3.2.5 Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised at the time the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. These are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs except for financial assets carried 'at fair value through profit or loss'. Financial assets carried 'at fair value through profit or loss' are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are recognised in the Income Statement.

3.2.6 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets is taken to the Income Statement.

3.2.7 Derivatives

Derivative instruments are initially recognised at fair value and subsequent to initial measurement each derivative instrument is remeasured to its fair value and the resultant gain or loss is recognised in the Income Statement.

3.3 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. These are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently stated at amortized cost using effective interest method. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial liabilities is taken to the Income Statement. Financial liabilities include payable to the Pension Fund Manager and other liabilities.

3.4 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the 'Statement of Assets and Liabilities' when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.5 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

3.6 Net asset value per unit

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as disclosed in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in circulation at the year end.

3.7 Issue and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price, determined by the Pension Fund manager for the applications received during business hours on that day. The offer price represents the Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as of the close of the business day.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price applicable to units for which the Pension Fund Manager receive redemption applications during business hours of that day. The redemption price is equal to NAV as of the close of the business day.

3.10 Revenue recognition

- Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in Income Statement and are recognised when the transaction takes place.
- Unrealised gains / (losses) arising on revaluation of securities classified as financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' are included in the Income Statement in the year in which they arise.
- Dividend income is recognised when the Fund's right to receive the same is established, i.e. on the date of commencement of book closure of the investee company / institution declaring the dividend.
- Income on sukuk certificates, term deposit receipts and government securities is recognized on an accrual basis except for the securities which are classified as Non-Performing Asset under Circular No. 33 of 2012 issued by the SECP for which the profits are recorded on cash basis.
- Profit on saving accounts with banks is recognized on an accrual basis.

3.11 Expenses

All expenses chargeable to the Fund including remuneration of the Pension Fund Manager and Trustee and annual fee of the SECP are recognised in the Income Statement on an accrual basis.

3.12 Taxation

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under Clause 57(3)(viii) of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of section 113 (minimum tax) under Clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

3.13 Earnings / (loss) per unit

Earnings / (loss) per unit (EPU) has not been disclosed as, in the opinion of the management, the determination of cumulative weighted average number of outstanding units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED)
FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

		December 31, 2023 (Un-audited)				
	Note	Equity			Money	
		Index Sub-Fund	Equity Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Market Sub-Fund	Total
		----- (Rupees) -----				
4	BALANCES WITH BANKS					
	Savings accounts	511,400	511,100	511,200	50,644,589	52,178,289
4.1	These carry profit at the rates of ranging from 20.5% to 20.75% per annum.					
5	PAYABLE TO PENSION FUND MANAGER					
	Management fee payable	36	36	36	19,126	19,234
	Sindh sales tax payable on remuneration payable	5	5	5	2,486	2,500
	Other payable	24,200	23,800	23,800	12,900	84,700
		24,241	23,841	23,841	34,512	106,435
5.1	This represents remuneration of the Pension Fund Manager at the rate of 0.15% for Equity index, Equity, Debt and 0.8% for Money Market Fund					
5.2	This represents sales tax on remuneration payable at the rate of 13%.					

5.1 This represents remuneration of the Pension Fund Manager at the rate of 0.15% for Equity index, Equity, Debt and 0.8% for Money Market Fund

5.2 This represents sales tax on remuneration payable at the rate of 13%.

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED)
FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

December 31, 2023 (Un-audited)						
		Equity Index Sub-Fund	Equity Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund	Total
	Note	(Rupees)				
6	PAYABLE TO THE TRUSTEE					
6.1	Remuneration payable	42	42	42	3,794	3,919
6.2	Sales tax on remuneration payable	2	2	2	491	498
		44	44	44	4,285	4,418
6.1	The Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited is entitled to remuneration at the rate of 0.15% per annum of the net assets value of the Fund where the net assets are upto Rs.1 billion. The rates applicable for Trustee's remuneration on net assets exceeding Rs.1 billion are as follows:					
	Net Assets					
	Upto Rs.1 billion					
	Rs.1 billion to Rs.3 billion					
	Rs.3 billion to Rs.6 billion					
	Over Rs.6 billion					
6.2	Sales tax at the rate of 13% on the remuneration of the Trustee is applied under the provisions of Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011.					
7	ANNUAL FEE PAYABLE TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN					
	This represents annual fee to the SECP at the rate of one twenty-fifth of one percent of average annual net assets of each sub-fund, revised as per SRO 260(I)/2019 dated December 24, 2019.					
8	NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE					
	Total units outstanding at beginning of the period	-	-	-	-	-
	Add: Units issued during the period	5,000	5,000	5,000	506,090	516,090
	Less: Units redeemed during the period	-	-	-	-	-
	Total units in issue at the end of the period	5,000	5,000	5,000	506,090	516,090

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED)
FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

9 CONTRIBUTION TABLE

December 31, 2023 (Un-audited)					
	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Equity Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund	Total
	(Rupees)				
Opening balance	-	-	-	-	-
Issue of units	500,000	500,000	500,000	50,631,689	52,131,689
Redemption of units	-	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	500,000	500,000	500,000	50,631,689	52,131,689

December 31, 2023 (Un-audited)					
	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Equity Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund	Total
	(Rupees)				
10 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS					
Bank balances	511,100	511,400	511,200	50,644,589	52,178,289
	511,100	511,400	511,200	50,644,589	52,178,289

11 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingencies and commitments outstanding as at December 31, 2023.

12 TAXATION

The income of the fund is exempt from tax under clause 57(3)(viii) of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Further through Finance Act, 2011, effective from July 01, 2011, pension funds are included in the list of entities on which the provisions of section 113 regarding minimum tax shall not apply.

13 EARNINGS / (LOSS) PER UNIT

Earnings/(Loss) per unit based on cumulative weighted average units for the period has not been disclosed as in the opinion of the Pension Fund Manager, the determination of the same is not practicable.

14 TRANSACTIONS WITH CONNECTED PERSONS

Related parties / connected persons of the Fund include the Pension Fund Manager, other collective investment schemes managed by the Pension Fund Manager, MCB Bank Limited being the Holding Company of the Pension Fund Manager, the Trustee, directors, key management personnel and other associated undertakings and connected persons. Connected persons also include any person beneficially owning directly or indirectly 10% or more of the units in the issue / net assets of the Fund.

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED)
FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

Transactions with connected persons essentially comprise sale and redemption of units, fee on account of managing the affairs of the Fund, other charges, sale and purchase of investments and distribution payments to connected persons. The transactions with connected persons are in the normal course of business, at contracted rates and at terms determined in accordance with market rates.

Remuneration payable to the Pension Fund Manager and the Trustee is determined in accordance with the provision of the VPS Rules and constitutive documents of the Fund respectively.

Details of transactions and balances at year end with related parties / connected persons, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, are as follows:

14.1 Transactions during the period:

	December 31, 2023 (Un-audited)				
	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Equity Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund	Total
	(Rupees)				
MCB Investment Management Limited - Pension Fund Manager					
Remuneration (include indirect taxes)	41	41	41	21,612	21,735
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee					
Remuneration (include indirect taxes)	44	44	44	4,285	4,418

14.2 Balances at the end of period:

	December 31, 2023 (Un-audited)				
	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Equity Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund	Total
MCB Investment Management Limited - Pension Fund Manager					
Remuneration (include indirect taxes)	24,241	23,841	23,841	34,512	106,435
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee					
Remuneration (include indirect taxes)	44	44	44	4,285	4,418

15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, profit rate and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Risk of the Fund are being managed by the Pension Fund Manager in accordance with the approved policies of the investment committee which provide broad guidelines for management of above mention risks. The Board of Directors of Pension Fund Manager has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Fund's risk management framework.

15.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Pension Fund Manager manages the market risk through diversification of the investment portfolio and by following the internal guidelines established by the Investment Committee. The Pension Fund Manager manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines approved by the Board and regulations laid down by the SECP and the VPS Rules.

Market risk comprises of three types of risks: profit rate risk, currency risk and price risk.

15.2 Profit rate Risk

Profit rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates.

a) Sensitivity Analysis for variable rate instrument

The Fund's variable rate risk arises from the balances with banks. At December 31, 2023, if there had been increase / decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, net assets of the Fund for the period then ended would have been higher / lower by Rs. 5,217,829.

b) Sensitivity Analysis for fixed rate instrument

The Fund does not hold any financial instruments that are exposed to fixed rate risk.

15.3 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund does not have any financial instrument in foreign currencies and hence is not exposed to such risk.

15.4 Price Risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Fund does not hold any instrument that is exposed to price risk.

15.5 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligation in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous to the Fund.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet its obligations and commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset at close to its fair value. The Pension Savings Fund Manager's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Fund will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions. The Fund's policy is, therefore, to invest the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed and are considered readily realisable.

15.6 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge its obligation as it falls due. Credit risk arising on the debt instruments is mitigated by investing in rated instruments or instruments issued by rated counterparties of credit ratings of at least investment grade by the recognised rating agencies. The Fund receives a monthly rating update, against which investments are reviewed.

The table below analyses the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk:

	December 31, 2023 (Un-audited)				Total
	Equity Index	Equity	Debt	Money Market	
	Sub-Fund	Sub-Fund	Sub-Fund	Sub-Fund	
	(Rupees)				
Balance with banks	511,400	511,100	511,200	50,644,589	52,178,289

Credit quality of financial assets

The Fund's significant credit risk arises mainly on account of its placements in banks and profit accrued thereon. The credit rating profile of balances with banks is as follows:

	% of bank balance exposed to credit risk 2023
Bank balance by rating category	
AA/A1+	97%
A+/A1	3%
	<u>100%</u>

The asset of the Fund are held with credit worthy counterparties, therefore any significant credit risk is mitigated.

Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic and industry factors similarly affect groups of counter parties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Fund's total credit exposure. As transactions are entered with credit worthy parties and are within the regulatory limits, therefore any significant concentration of credit risk is mitigated.

16 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

IFRS 13 - 'Fair Value Measurement' establishes a single source of guidance under IFRS for all fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurement where such measurements are required as permitted by other IFRSs. It defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the close of trading i.e., period end. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and financial liabilities is considered not significantly different from book value as these are short term in nature.

The following table shows financial instruments recognized at fair value based on:

Level 1:	quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
Level 2:	those involving inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and
Level 3:	those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Transfer between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognised at the end of the reporting period during which the changes have occurred. However, there were no transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy during the period.

The carrying amounts of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values at the reporting date.

17 PARTICIPANTS' FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's capital is represented by redeemable units of the sub-funds. They are entitled to payment of a proportionate share based on the sub-fund's net asset value per unit on the redemption date. The relevant movements are shown on the statement of movement in Participants' sub-funds. In accordance with the risk management policies, the Fund endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investments while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemption. Since the Participants invest in the Funds with a long-term objective, possibility of a significant redemption pressure is limited..

18 EXPENSE RATIO

Equity Sub Fund

The annualized total Expense Ratio (TER) of the Fund for the period ended December 31, 2023 is 0.35% which includes 0.05% representing government levies on the Fund such as sales taxes, federal excise duties, annual fee to the SECP, etc.

**NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED)
FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

Equity Index Sub Fund

The annualized total Expense Ratio (TER) of the Fund for the period ended December 31, 2023 is 0.35% which includes 0.05% representing government levies on the Fund such as sales taxes, federal excise duties, annual fee to the SECP, etc.

Debt Sub Fund

The annualized total Expense Ratio (TER) of the Fund for the period ended December 31, 2023 is 0.35% which includes 0.05% representing government levies on the Fund such as sales taxes, federal excise duties, annual fee to the SECP, etc.

Money Market Sub Fund

The annualized total Expense Ratio (TER) of the Fund for the period ended December 31, 2023 is 1.06% which includes 0.15% representing government levies on the Fund such as sales taxes, federal excise duties, annual fee to the SECP, etc.

19 PERFORMANCE TABLE

19.1 Performance Information

	December 31, 2023 (Un-audited)			
	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Equity Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund
	(Rupees)			
Net Assets	502,563	502,562	502,563	51,151,566
Net Assets Value Per Unit	100.5126	100.5124	100.5125	101.0721
Net Income after Taxation	2,563	2,562	2,563	519,877
Realized Gain/Loss	-	-	-	-
Un-Realized Gain/loss	-	-	-	-
Dividend Income	-	-	-	-
Net Contribution	500,000	500,000	500,000	50,631,689

	December 31, 2023 (Un-audited)			
	Equity Index Sub-Fund	Equity Sub-Fund	Debt Sub-Fund	Money Market Sub-Fund
	(Rupees)			
Highest Issue Price	100.5126	100.5124	100.5125	100.1101
Lowest Issue Price	100.0549	100.0549	100.0549	101.0721

20 GENERAL

20.1 The fund is registered and commenced its operations in current period, therefore no corresponding figure is to be reported.

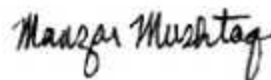
21 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Management Company on February 02, 2024.

For MCB Investment Management Limited
(Pension Fund Manager)



Chief Executive Officer



Director

MCB INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LIMITED

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